

Level 37, 2 Lonsdale St Melbourne 3000, Australia Telephone +61 3 9032 1300 Facsimile +61 3 9032 1303

Our reference: C/14/8538

COMPLIANCE REPORTING MANUAL (ENERGY RETAIL BUSINESSES)

13 OCTOBER 2014

An appropriate citation for this paper is: Essential Services Commission 2014, *Compliance Reporting Manual (Energy Retail Businesses);* October.

AMENDMENT RECORD

Part	Issue No.	Date	Summary of changes
	1	20 July 2007	Original issue
	2	30 March 2009	Retail obligations updated to reflect ESC Regulatory Review (2008)
			Distribution obligations removed
	3	31 March 2010	Retail obligations updated to include Guidelines 13, 19, 21; minor text corrections
	4	6 September 2012	New retail obligations included Gas Market Retail Rules removed Minor text corrections
	5	13 October 2014	Type 1, 2 and 3 retail obligations updated to reflect the ERC v11. Effective date of changes is 13 October 2014

CONTENTS

1	intro	oduction	1
	1.1	The Commission's approach to compliance and enforcement	t 1
	1.2	Purpose of the compliance performance manual	2
	1.3	Amendments to the compliance performance manual	3
2	Adm	inistration	4
	2.1	Application	4
	2.2	Reporting period	4
	2.3	Frequency of reporting	4
	2.4	Notification	4
	2.5	Review	4
3	Clas	sification of regulatory obligations	5
	3.1	Classification of regulatory obligations	5
4	Rep	orting Process	6
	4.1	Type 1 obligation breaches	6
	4.2	Type 2 obligation breaches	7
	4.3	Type 3 obligation breaches	7
Арј	oendix	A – Regulatory obligations for reporting by energy businesses	8
Apı	oendix	B – Pro-forma reports and checklists	20
	B1 –	Pro-forma for immediate notification of breaches of Type 1	00
	D0	obligations	20
		Pro-forma follow-up report of breaches of Type 1 obligations	21
		Pro-forma report for six-monthly reporting	22
	B4 –	Pro-forma report of annual Status and Compliance Reports	23

1 INTRODUCTION

The Essential Services Commission (the Commission) published a *Compliance Policy Statement* in November 2006.¹ The statement sets out the way that licensed electricity and gas distribution businesses ('distributors'), and energy retail businesses ('retailers') should monitor and report compliance with their regulatory obligations.

The businesses are expected to comply with all obligations at all times, and to have systems and procedures to monitor their compliance. However, from time to time, a breach of the obligations will arise. The classification of regulatory obligations in this compliance reporting manual provides guidance to the businesses on the frequency of reporting breaches of these obligations to the Commission on a systematic basis after the event. It is important to note that each breach will be investigated immediately on a case-by-case basis to determine the appropriate enforcement response.

This Compliance Reporting Manual (the Manual) is developed from the framework set out in the Final Decision: Energy Businesses' Compliance Reporting issued in July 2007. It identifies the key regulatory obligations against retailers must report non-compliance events to the Commission and provides the procedures for how energy distributors and retailers should report breaches of their regulatory obligations.

1.1 The Commission's approach to compliance and enforcement

The Commission's approach to compliance and enforcement is based on the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development's framework that outlines three conditions for effective compliance.² For a regulated business to comply with regulation, the three conditions that must be satisfied are:

- condition 1 it must know and understand its obligations
- condition 2 it must be able to comply that is, regulatory design must take
 account of the technological possibility of compliance, and ongoing compliance
 must be possible in light of the full range of legal and regulatory obligations
 imposed on the regulated body
- condition 3 it must be willing to comply.

-

Essential Services Commission 2006, Compliance Policy Statement for Victorian Energy Businesses, November

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development 2000, Reducing the Risk of Policy Failure: Challenges for Regulatory Compliance, OECD, Paris, www.oecd.org, pp. 14–23.

The overall approach by the Commission is to encourage a culture of compliance by the regulated businesses. To this end, it supports the voluntary adoption by businesses of the *Australian Standard AS3806-2006 Compliance Programs*, which provides principles and guidance for implementing a flexible and effective compliance program within a business.

The Commission has identified eight key elements of good compliance practice required to facilitate satisfaction of the three conditions for compliance. The elements are:

- Good regulatory design regulation needs to be simple, clear, meet its stated objectives, have benefits that outweigh costs and minimise compliance costs
- Integration of compliance and other regulatory activities compliance issues should inform the regulation design stage and the compliance strategy should adjust as the nature of regulation changes
- High quality engagement with regulated businesses regulated businesses need to be consulted both during the development of regulation and once it is in place; communication needs to be straightforward, occur regularly, and be 'culturally' appropriate
- Provision of information regulated businesses need to understand the purpose and objectives of the regulation, know what their obligations are and be informed of the consequences of non-compliance
- Practical obligations requirements must be suitable for the particular regulated businesses and be able to be complied with in the time available and to the required standard
- Monitoring of compliance compliance is unlikely unless the regulator monitors whether it occurs
- Procedural fairness processes and decisions need to be consistent, impartial and ethical to build trust with the regulated businesses and encourage voluntary compliance, and
- Escalating levels of interference and sanctions in response to noncompliance—responses to non-compliance generally begin with co-operative approaches to maximise voluntary compliance, with action escalating as far as is needed to achieve compliance; sanctions must be credible threats.

The Commission is committed to adopting a co-operative and persuasive enforcement approach because when this approach is successful it works better than punitive sanctions in accomplishing long-term compliance. However, compliance cannot be based solely on encouraging voluntary compliance, because some businesses may not comply. Sanctions are necessary for those who do not comply voluntarily.

1.2 Purpose of the compliance performance manual

This manual sets out the reporting obligations and provides guidance on the manner in which the reports should be made to the Commission. The Manual is structured as follows:

 Chapter 2 sets out the administrative procedures and frequency of reporting obligations.

- Chapter 3 summarises the classification of the types of regulatory obligations to which the reporting obligations apply.
- Chapter 4 sets out the reporting process for the regulated retail energy businesses where they become aware of breaches of regulatory obligations.
- Appendix A details the reporting requirements for the different regulatory obligations.
- Appendix B sets out the pro-forma reports and checklists for reporting breaches by the regulated energy businesses.

1.3 Amendments to the compliance performance manual

In 2011-12, the Commission:

- undertook public consultation on smart meter related issues concerning capacity control products and verifying bills and
- reviewed the Energy Retail Code in order to clarify for retailers their obligations to offer instalment plans and reconnect smart meter customers within specified timeframes.

These consultation processes resulted in amendments to the Commission's regulatory instruments. These amendments are reflected in the revised Manual and include amendments to:

- clause 12A allowing retailers to offer customers capacity control products for non-credit management purposes
- clause 26.4 requiring retailers to give smart meter customers 20 business days' notice of a variation in tariffs.
- clause 11.2 prohibiting retailers from requiring a customer to pay some of the amount owing as a condition of providing a Utility Relief Grant application form.

Minor corrections have also been made to the Manual such as the removal of repealed clauses and amendments to either the clause title or the explanation of the obligations to better reflect what is contained in the regulatory instruments. References to the VENCorp and Gas Market Retail Rules have been deleted.

2 ADMINISTRATION

2.1 Application

The manual applies to all Victorian electricity and gas retail businesses licensed by the Commission.

2.2 Reporting period

Unless advised by the Commission, the reporting period is 1 July of the year to 30 June of the following year.

2.3 Frequency of reporting

The classification of each obligation for reporting purposes determines the frequency with which regulated energy businesses must report known non-compliance with obligations.

Each obligation is categorised as Type 1, 2 or 3. A breach of Type 1 obligations is required to be reported immediately. Breaches of Type 2 obligations are to be reported each 6 months although they may be required to be reported less frequently in some circumstances, and Type 3 breaches are required to be reported annually. All breaches will be required to be reported on an annual basis regardless of whether the breach has already been reported.

2.4 Notification

The Commission will advise each relevant business of the businesses' reporting requirements prior to the commencement of the reporting period.

2.5 Review

The appropriate reporting requirements for each obligation may vary over time, reflecting previous compliance performance of the businesses as well as changes in regulatory environment. Changes to this *Compliance Reporting Manual*, including amendments to the classification of the types of regulatory obligations, may be required:

- to reflect amendments to existing obligations
- to improve the effectiveness of the reporting process.

3 CLASSIFICATION OF REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS

The licence conditions of retailers require that these businesses must comply with all the relevant regulatory obligations set under the relevant licences, codes and guidelines published by the Commission and other relevant Acts and Orders published by the Government. It is also a licence requirement that licensees report any breaches of the obligations. This manual is designed to provide guidance on the procedures and timing for reporting breaches.

3.1 Classification of regulatory obligations

Type 1 regulatory obligations

Type 1 regulatory obligations are considered to be those regulatory obligations where non-compliance would have a critical impact on customers and where the impact of that non-compliance increases over time if it is not rectified quickly. All actual or potential breaches of Type 1 obligations must be reported to the Commission immediately.

Type 2 regulatory obligations

Type 2 regulatory obligations are those where:

- · non-compliance would seriously impact on customers; and/or
- the obligation is 'new' or has not been complied with in previous years; and/or
- the impact of that non-compliance increases over time.

A breach of a Type 2 regulatory obligation is to be reported on a six monthly basis. However, the Commission may reduce the frequency for reporting breaches of Type 2 obligations if specific distributors or retailers have demonstrated a high level of compliance with these obligations.

Type 3 regulatory obligations

Type 3 regulatory obligations are all other obligations and a breach of a Type 3 obligation is to be reported annually.

Appendix A sets out the regulatory obligations and their classifications as Type 1, 2 or 3.

4 REPORTING PROCESS

The reporting process for breaches of regulatory obligations by the regulated energy businesses are set out below.

4.1 Type 1 obligation breaches

All breaches of Type 1 obligations must be reported to the Commission immediately by a verbal or email report of the event. A follow-up report must also be provided with full details of the breach and its implications. The Commission may also require regular updates on the status of breaches.

4.1.1 Immediate report

The pro-forma at Appendix B1 should be used as guidance for the information to be provided. The following steps should be implemented.

- When a business becomes aware that a breach of a Type 1 obligation has occurred, the business must make an initial report of the breach to the Commission.
- In the case of potential breaches the likelihood of occurrence must be judged on a reasonable consideration of probabilities, taking into account:
 - the policies, procedures and other circumstances that have given rise to the expectation of a breach
 - the ability and commitment of the business to change the relevant policies, procedures and other circumstances.
- The compliance manager or similar employee of the business must make the initial report to the CEO (or delegated officer) of the Commission as soon as reasonably practicable by telephone, e-mail or other similar means.

4.1.2 Follow-up reports

The business must submit a formal written report on the breach including the following:

- the extent, nature and impact of the non-compliance (including whether and how many customers and/or other regulated energy businesses have been affected)
- · reasons for non-compliance
- actions taken or planned to be taken to rectify the non-compliance and to prevent it reoccurring, and
- actual/anticipated date of full compliance.

Appendix B2 provides the pro-forma for such reports.

The follow-up report must be submitted within five business days of the initial Type 1 obligation breach report and:

- should reference the initial Type 1 obligation breach (verbal or e-mail) report to which it relates.
- must be signed by the CEO (or delegated officer) of the business to the CEO (or delegated officer) of the Commission.

4.2 Type 2 obligation breaches

If the Commission has advised a retailer that it is to report breaches of Type 2 obligations on a six-monthly basis, a report must be provided on 28 February or the next business day on any known breaches of Types 1 and 2 obligations for the first six months of the reporting period showing all breaches of those obligations that have occurred since the start of the reporting period.

The six-monthly report of breaches must include:

- extent and nature of the non-compliance (including whether and how many customers and/or other regulated energy businesses have been affected)
- reasons for non-compliance
- actions taken or planned to be taken to rectify the non-compliance and to prevent it reoccurring, and
- actual/anticipated date of full compliance.

Appendix B3 provides the pro-forma for such reports.

The report must be signed by the CEO (or equivalent) of the business to the CEO (or his delegated officer) of the Commission.

4.3 Type 3 obligation breaches

All regulated energy businesses are to submit an annual statement reporting compliance against Type 1, Type 2 and Type 3 regulatory obligations.

The report must be submitted on 31 August or the next business day showing all breaches of types 1, 2 and 3 obligations that have occurred since the start of the reporting period.

The report must be signed by the CEO (or equivalent) and the Chairman of the Board (or duly authorised Director other than the CEO) of the reporting business.

Appendix B4 provides the pro-forma for such report.

APPENDIX A – REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS FOR REPORTING BY ENERGY BUSINESSES

Table A.1 **Energy retailers' obligations**

Important: the descriptions on the pages that follow are intended as a brief indication of the context of the retailers' obligations. Compliance monitoring and reporting must be based on the relevant regulatory instruments themselves.

ESC REF	REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION			
	TYPE 1				
Electricity I	Retail Licence				
RB0020	Clause 6.1 & 6.2 - Use of system agreements	A Licensee must have Use of System Agreements with each distributor that its customers are located in.			
	(Alinta – Cl. 9)	The UoSA must be in writing.			
		The Licensee must not unreasonably refuse a new form of DUoS from a distributor under clause 4.8 of its distribution licence.			
RB0030	Clause 8.1 - Obligation to offer to sell	A Licensee must offer to supply electricity to any domestic or small business customer at tariffs published by the Licensee and on terms and conditions approved by the Commission and published by the Licensee in the Government Gazette and a newspaper.			
RB0040	Clause 12.2 & 12.5 - Retailer of last resort (ROLR) (Alinta – Cl. 16)	The sale of energy can only be on ESC approved tariffs and terms. Outlines the information requirements for customers in the event of a ROLR.			
RB0050	Clause 21 - Compliance with laws	The retailer must comply with all applicable laws			
	(Alinta, Dodo, Click, Neighbourhood, APG - Cl. 22)				
Gas Retail Licence					
RB0060	Clause 5.1 & 5.3 - Reliability of supply	Compliance with reliability of supply standards; a Licensee must demonstrate how it will meet its supply obligations on a peak demand day in			
	Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG, Alinta – Cl. 7	accordance with Commission standards. If a Licensee is notified by the distributor of an interruption of supply, it must			

ESC REF	REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION
		use reasonable endeavours to ensure that its customers comply with any reasonable requirement set out in the notice.
RB0070	Clause 7.1 - Obligation to offer to sell Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG – Cl. 9	A Licensee must offer to supply and sell gas at tariffs and on terms & conditions approved by the Commission and published in the Government Gazette.
RB0080	Clause 13.2 & 13.5 - Retailer of last resort (ROLR) Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG – Cl. 14 Alinta – Cl. 16	The Licensee must sell gas at tariffs & terms and conditions approved by the Commission under s.34 of the Gas Industry Act 2001. The Licensee must notify customers a last resort event has occurred.
RB0090	Clause 23 - Compliance with laws Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG – Cl. 25 Alinta – Cl. 20	The retailer must comply with all applicable laws.
Energy Retai	l Code (Version 11)	
RB0100	Clause 19(1) – Responsibilities of designated retailers in response to request for sale of energy	Designated retailers must provide certain information to consumers in connection with standard retail contracts.
	Clause 61 to 64 — Providing information to small customers	Retailers must provide the required information to consumers in connection with market retail contracts in the prescribed form .
	Clause 47 – Cooling off period and right of withdrawal – market retail contracts	Retailers must include, in each market retail contract it enters into with a small customer, express provisions setting out the rights and obligations in relation to the cooling off period and right of withdrawal.
RB0130	Clause 33 & 72A - Payment difficulties and debt recovery	Outlines the process of assessment and assistance to domestic customers experiencing financial difficulties. Invoking legal proceedings in relation to debt collection.
RB0140	Clause 72 - Payment plans	The retailer's options and requirements when offering a payment plan.
RB0141	Clause 76A - Supply capacity control product	Not to offer a supply capacity control product for any credit management purpose before 1 January 2014.
RB0150	Clauses 111 to 115 - Retailer initiated de-energisation of premises	The process which must be followed prior to de-energising of a customer's premises under certain circumstances.

ESC REF	REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION
RB0160	Clauses 116 and 117 – When retailer must not arrange deenergisation	When a retailer may not de-energise a customer's premises .
RB0170	Clauses 121 and 122A – Re- energisation of premises	Retailer's obligation to arrange re-energisation of a customer's premises and timing of re-energisation
RB0180	Clauses 46(3) and 46(4)— Notice of any variation to tariffs and charges	Notice must be given of any variation to tariffs and charges that affects the customer A retailer must give notice to a customer as soon as practicable, and in any event, in the case of customers with smart meters 20 business days prior to the variation, and otherwise no later than the customer's next bill, of any variation to the tariff that affects the customer.
RB0210	Clauses 49 and 49A — Termination of market retail contracts and agreed damages	When a retailer may terminate a market retail contract. When a retailer may impose an early termination fee. Terms, conditions and amount of agreed damages payable to the retailer by a customer breaching their contract.
	Clause 70 – Termination of standard retail contracts	When a retailer may terminate a standard retail contract No termination charge can be imposed
RB0215	Clause 124 – life support equipment.	Outlines the obligations on a retailer when a customer provides a retailer with confirmation from a registered medical practitioner that a person residing at the customer's premises requires life support equipment.
RB0220	Clause 110(2)(f) – Energy Ombudsman Victoria	The existence, operation and contact details of the energy ombudsman must be shown on any disconnection warning notices.
RB0230	Clause 35A – Additional retail charges	Outlines the circumstances where a retailer may impose additional retail charges.
RB0250	Clause 57(1) – Customer Transfers	A retailer must not submit a request for the transfer of a small customer under the relevant Retail Market Procedures unless the retailer has obtained explicit informed consent from the customer to enter into the relevant customer retail contract and the retailer has a customer retail contract in place to enable the sale of energy to the customer at their premises.
RB1310	Clause 15A(1)(b) – Internet publication of standing tariffs	A retailer must provide details of its standing offer tariffs to the Commission in a prescribed form.
RB1200	Clause 71B(1) – Equitable access	The retailer must provide domestic customers in hardship with equitable access to appropriate options in the policy.

ESC REF	REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION		
	TYPE 2			
Electricity Re	etail Licence			
RB0270	Clauses 9.1 to 9.3 & 9.5 - Information to customers Alinta – Cl. 12	A Licensee is obliged to provide information to customers: - include certain information on bills issued to customers - notify customers of changes to terms and conditions - give notice to a customer who becomes a party to a deemed contract - notify customers of expiry of fixed term contracts.		
RB0280	Clause 16 - Dispute resolution Dodo, Click & APG - Cl. 17 Alinta Energy – Cl. 19	A Licensee is to submit to the Commission for approval a dispute resolution scheme which must contain and comply with stated terms and conditions. If approved by the Commission, the Licensee must implement the scheme.		
Gas Retail Li	cence			
RB0290	Clause 17 – Dispute resolution Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG - Cl. 20 Simply, Lumo - Cl. 18 Alinta – Cl. 19	The Licensee must submit to the Commission a dispute resolution scheme for dealing with disagreements between itself and customers or other aggrieved persons (and implement if approved).		
Energy Reta	l Code (Version 11)			
RB0300	Clauses 65 and 66 – No contact lists and no canvassing or advertising signs	Requirements to keep 'no contact lists' and observe them and requirement to observe 'no canvassing' signs.		
RB0310	Clause 59A – Dispute resolution process (internal and external)	Retailers must develop, make and publish on its website a set of procedures detailing the retailer's, distributor's or responsible person's procedure for handling small customer complaints and dispute resolution procedures. The procedures must be reviewed regularly, kept up to date and be substantially consistent with Australian Standards.		
RB0320	Clause 19(2) - Retailer's obligation to energise	A retailer must as soon as practicable (but not later than the end of the next business day) after the request for the sale of energy is properly made, forward relevant details of the customer to the distributor for the premises concerned, for the purpose of: - updating the distributor's records, if the premises are energised; or - arranging for the energisation of the premises by the distributor, if the premises are not energised.		

ECC DEE	DEFEDENCE	DDIEF DECEDIDION OF ODLICATION
ESC REF	REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION
RB0330	Clause 24(1) – Frequency of Bills	Retailer obligations in relation to the frequency of issuing bills to customers:
	Dillo	- Electricity - issued at least every three months
		- Gas - issued at least every two months.
RB0340	Clause 25(1)(a) to (y) - Contents of bills	Rules governing the minimum information to be included on a customer's bill.
RB0350	Clauses 20, 21 and 23, - Basis for bills	The bill must be based on actual meter readings at least once every 12 months or based on estimations as per prescribed conditions. Estimated bills may be applied under a bill smoothing arrangement.
RB0355	Clauses 30 and 31 – Undercharging and Overcharging	Sets out conditions under which a retailer may recover money from a customer who has been undercharged, unless this is due to an unlawful act by the customer, and conditions under which the retailer must repay a customer who has been overcharged.
RB0360	Clauses 26 and 32 – Pay-by	The pay-by date is not less than 13 business days from the bill issue date.
	date and payment methods	Outlines the methods for the payment of a bill by a customer that a retailer must accept.
RB0370	Clauses 40 to 45 – Security deposits	The conditions under which a retailer may require and use a security deposit.
RB0380	Clause 34 – Shortened collection cycle	The retailer's right to apply a shortened collection cycle.
RB0410	Clause 50 – Small customer complaints and dispute resolution information	Outlines the minimum requirement in relation to the terms and conditions of a market retail contract regarding complaints and dispute resolution information.
		All complaints must be handled according to the retailer's complaints and dispute resolution procedures.
		The retailer must inform the small customer of the outcome of the complaint.
		The retailer must advise the customer that the customer has a right to refer the complaint or dispute to the energy ombudsman.
RB1110	Clause 25A – Greenhouse Gas Disclosure on electricity customers' bills	Content of the information to be disclosed includes emissions calculated as specified for current period and past year, with a graph and an adequate explanation of the graph.
		Format of the information to be approved by the Commission.
RB1300	Clause 15A – Internet	A retailer must publish its standing offer on its website.
	publication of standing offer tariffs	The home page must link easily and logically to the standing offer.

REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION
Clauses 15B(1) to 15B(4) – Relevant published offers (price and product	Retailers must provide a link on the home page of their internet site so that a customer can easily and logically access the retailer's price and product information statements.
information statements)	A retailer must assist the Commission to link from the Commission website to related information on the retailer's website.
	Detailed requirements for the content and format of a retailer's Price and Product Information Statement.
	An alternative format may be used with the Commission's prior approval.
	A retailer must update a price and product information statement within 5 business days of changing any information in it.
Clauses 15D & 15E - Other requirements	A price and product information statement or an Offer Summary must be in plain understandable English and comply with applicable legislation and regulation.
Clause 71B – Minimum requirements for customer hardship policy	Detailed the minimum requirements for a customer's hardship policy of a retailer.
	TYPE 3
ndustry Act 2000	
Part 2, Section 47 to 49 - Community Services Agreements	If an electricity retailer and the State enter into a community service agreement, the Secretary to the Department of Human Services may specify concessional rates and terms and conditions on which the electricity retailer will provide electricity to specified classes of domestic customer.
Part 6, Section 96 & 97 - Electricity supply emergency provisions	The Governor in Council can declare that emergency provisions of the Act apply if an event has or is about to occur which will materially affect the safe, economical or effective supply of electricity or the available supply of electricity is likely to become less than the reasonable requirements of the community. While this part is in force the Minister may give any directions the Minister thinks necessary.
etail Licence	
Clause 4 - Electricity purchase arrangements	Licensees must be registered with AEMO as a customer under the National Electricity Code. Licensees must have arrangements in place for the
Alinta – Cl. 8	purchase of electricity through the wholesale electricity market.
Clause 5 - Energy only contracts	A Licensee can only provide an 'energy only' contract if a customer has entered into an agreement with a distributor for distribution services.
Clause 6.4 - Use of system agreements Alinta – Cl. 9	If a Licensee is both a retailer and distributor, retail business must have UoSA with distribution business.
	Clauses 15B(1) to 15B(4) — Relevant published offers (price and product information statements) Clauses 15D & 15E - Other requirements Clause 71B — Minimum requirements for customer hardship policy adustry Act 2000 Part 2, Section 47 to 49 - Community Services Agreements Part 6, Section 96 & 97 - Electricity supply emergency provisions etail Licence Clause 4 - Electricity purchase arrangements Alinta — Cl. 8 Clause 5 - Energy only contracts Clause 6.4 - Use of system agreements

REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION
Clause 7.2 - Contracts with customers Alinta – Cl. 11	Contracts with customers must be consistent with the Energy Retail Code. A Licensee cannot enter into a contract for the sale of electricity with a customer at a tariff that is different to the Licensee's published tariffs unless the terms and conditions of the contract are materially different to those connected to the published tariff.
Clause 9.4 & 9.6 - Information to customers Alinta – Cl. 12	The retailer's requirement to publish tariff information. The obligations of a retailer to provide information to vacant energised premises.
Clause 10.2 - Payment methods Alinta – Cl. 14	Licensees must notify the Commission prior to termination of arrangements with where customers may pay bills.
Clause 11 - Community service obligation agreements Alinta – Cl. 15	Licensee must enter into an agreement with the State for the provision of community services if directed by the Secretary to the Department of Human Services.
Clause 12.1, 12.3 & 12.6 - Retailer of last resort (ROLR) Alinta – Cl. 16	The Licensee must submit tariffs and terms and conditions to the Commission on which it would act as a retailer of last resort and to notify and provide customers with electricity in the case of a last resort event. The Commission may approve terms & conditions of supply for ROLR that vary from the Energy Retail Code. Outlines the timeframe for publication of ROLR tariffs, terms and conditions.
Clause 17 - Separate accounts Dodo, Click & APG - Cl. 18 Alinta Energy – Cl. 13	A Licensee must ensure that separate accounts are prepared for its retail business.
Clause 18 - Provision of information to the Commission Dodo, Click & APG - Cl. 19	A Licensee must provide information required by the Commission from time to time.
Clause 19 - Payment of licence fees Dodo, Click & APG - Cl. 20 Alinta Energy – Cl. 5	A Licensee must pay licence fees and fees and charges as determined under section 22 of the Electricity Industry Act 2000.
Clause 20 - Administrator Dodo, Click & APG - Cl. 21 Alinta Energy – Cl. 24	An administrator appointed under section 34 of the Electricity Industry Act 2000 must act in a manner specified by the Commission but the Licensee remains responsible.
	Clause 7.2 - Contracts with customers Alinta – Cl. 11 Clause 9.4 & 9.6 - Information to customers Alinta – Cl. 12 Clause 10.2 - Payment methods Alinta – Cl. 14 Clause 11 - Community service obligation agreements Alinta – Cl. 15 Clause 12.1, 12.3 & 12.6 - Retailer of last resort (ROLR) Alinta – Cl. 16 Clause 17 - Separate accounts Dodo, Click & APG - Cl. 18 Alinta Energy – Cl. 13 Clause 18 - Provision of information to the Commission Dodo, Click & APG - Cl. 19 Clause 19 - Payment of licence fees Dodo, Click & APG - Cl. 20 Alinta Energy – Cl. 5 Clause 20 - Administrator Dodo, Click & APG - Cl. 21

ESC REF	REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION		
Gas Retail Licence				
RB0620	Clause 3 – Obligation to purchase gas Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG - Cl. 4	A Licensee must use its best endeavours to purchase or obtain a supply of gas on reasonable terms and conditions to meet its customer requirements.		
RB0630	Clause 5.2 - Reliability of supply Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG, Alinta - Cl. 7.2	A Licensee must notify the distributor and AEMO of the Licensee's contractual arrangements with its customers relating to interruption of supply.		
RB0640	Clause 9 - Hot water metering Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG - Cl. 11 Alinta – Cl. 12	Provision, replacement, installation, repair and maintenance of hot water metering installation. Timeframe for provision of service. Retailer interactions. Commission to decide fairness and reasonableness of terms and conditions of offer.		
RB0650	Clause 11.2 - Payment methods Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG - Cl. 12.2 Alinta – Cl. 14	The Licensees must advise the Commission within 20 business days of changes to any payment outlet or agency through which its customers may pay bills.		
RB0660	Clause 12 - Community service obligation agreements Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG - Cl. 13 Alinta – Cl. 15	If directed by the Secretary of the Department of Human Services, the Licensee must enter into an agreement with the State for the provision of community services on terms and conditions in accordance with section 49 of the Gas Industry Act 2001.		
RB0670	Clause 13.1 & 13.6 - Retailer of last resort (ROLR) Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG - Cl. 14 Alinta – Cl. 16	The Licensee must submit tariffs and terms and conditions to the Commission on which it would act as a retailer of last resort and to notify and provide customers with electricity in the case of a last resort event. The Licensee must publish tariffs, terms & conditions in the Government Gazette as soon as practicable.		
RB0690	Clause 18 - Separate accounts Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG - Cl. 21 Simply, Lumo - Cl. 19 Alinta – Cl. 13	The Licensees must ensure that separate accounts are prepared for their retail businesses in accordance with any guideline published for this purpose.		
RB0700	Clause 19 - Provision of information to the	The Licensee must provide information required by the Commission from time to time.		

ESC REF	REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION
	Commission	
	Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG - Cl. 22	
	Simply, Lumo - Cl. 20	
RB0710	Clause 20 - Licence fee	The Licensee must pay as directed by the Commission a licence fee
	Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG - Cl. 23	determined in accordance with section 30 of the Gas Industry Act 2001.
	Simply, Lumo - Cl. 21	
	Alinta – Cl. 5	
RB0720	Clause 21 – Administrator	If an administrator is appointed to the Licensee's business, the administrator
	Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG, Alinta - Cl. 24	must act in accordance with directions from the Commission but the Licensee remains responsible.
	Simply, Lumo - Cl. 22	
Energy Reta	ail Code (Version 11)	
RB0740	Clause 68 – Record keeping	Retailers must ensure that records are kept of all energy marketing activities carried out by it or on its behalf by retail marketers for a period of 12 months or for the period that a compliant or dispute remains unresolved.
RB0750	Clause 63(1) – Form of disclosure	Required information provided to a small customer before the formation of the market retail contract may be provided electronically, verbally or in writing.
RB0770	Clause 20A - Bulk hot water charging	A retailer must issue bills to a customer for the charging of the energy used in the delivery of bulk hot water in accordance with Schedule 6 of the Code and provide the prescribed minimum information.
RB0780	Clause 25(1) – Contents of bills	A retailer must prepare a bill so that a small customer can easily verify that the bill conforms to their customer retail contract.
RB0800	Clauses 25(2) and 27(1) - Apportionment	Retailers must include amounts billed for goods and services (other than the sale and supply of energy) in a separate bill or as a separate item in an energy bill.
		If a bill includes amounts payable for goods and services other than the sale and supply of energy, any payment made by a small customer in relation to the bill must be applied firstly in satisfaction of the charges for the sale and supply of energy unless the customer directs or another apportionment arrangement is agreed to by the customer.
RB0810	Clauses 21(5) and 22 – Additional charges and	Outlines when a retailer may impose additional charges permissible for reading of previously inaccessible meter.
	proportionate billing	Outlines the rules when a retailer wishes to proportionally bill for a period other than the usual billing cycle.

ESC REF	REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION
RB0820	Clauses 32(5) and 35B – Payment methods and Merchant Service Fees	A retailer must accept payments in advance. Merchant fees are only recoverable under a market retail contract. Where a residential customer pays the retailer's bill using a method that results in the retailer incurring a merchant service fee, the retailer may recover the amount of that fee from the residential customer.
RB0830	Clause 34(3) - Shortened collection cycle	Minimum notice requirements for a customer being placed on a shortened collection cycle.
RB0840	Clause 24(2) – Frequency of bills	Rules governing different recurrent periods for bills from the retailer's usual recurrent period.
RB0850	Clause 72(3) – Payment plans	Retailer's obligations upon a request for a payment plan for a small customer who is not a residential customer.
RB0860	Clause 118 - Request for de- energisation	On request, a retailer must de-energise a customer and finalise the account.
RB0870	Schedule 1 , Clause 20 – Force majeure	Outlines the effects of a force majeure event and requires the affected party to give prompt notice of the event and its best endeavours to remove, overcome or minimise the effects of that event as soon as practicable.
RB0880	Clause 56 – Provision of information to customers	Retailer's obligation to: - publish on its website a summary of the rights, entitlements and obligations of small customers; - provide the information relating to the rights, entitlements and obligations as requested.
RB0890	Schedule 1, Clause 9.4 - Historical billing information	A Retailer must supply historical billing data within 10 days at request of current and previous customers free of charge, unless the information has already been provided within the previous 12 months or information is required going back more than two years.
RB0900	Schedule 1, Clause 17 – Notices and Bills	Notices and bills by a retailer under a contract must be in writing unless otherwise stated in the contract or the Energy Retail Code.
RB1330	Clause 15B(5) – More than one tariff applicable	Where the retailer cannot determine which price and product information statement applies to a customer, the retailer must either present a price and product information for one of the potentially applicable tariffs or present a price and product information statement for each of the potentially applicable tariffs.
		The retailer must electronically communicate to the customer that it is not clear which of more than one price and product information statement applies.

		<u> </u>	
ESC REF	REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION	
RB1350	Clause 15C(1)- Offer summary to be provided	A retailer must provide a customer with a written offer summary on request, when marketing and when providing any other information about the terms of a new contract.	
RB1360	Clauses 15B(6) and (7) - Information and Format requirements	Detailed requirements for the content and format of a retailer's price and product information statement. An alternative format may be used with the Commission's prior approval.	
		An alternative format may be used with the Commission's prior approval.	
RB1220	Clauses 71(2) and (3) - Details of the financial hardship policy	The retailer must publish details of the hardship policy in a form easily accessible to customers and provide details to customers and financial counsellors on request.	
RB1230	Clause 71A - Approval and variation of customer hardship policy	The retailer must provide certain information when submitting a policy to the Commission for approval.	
Guideline No	o. 22 - Regulatory Audits of Retail	Energy Businesses: Electricity and Gas Industries	
RB0955	Clause 1.1.3 & Appendix A - Consent audit	The retailer shall contact a random sample of customers who have entered a contract, and confirm their understanding and consent, independently of the sales representatives making the original contact and take corrective action as necessary, in the manner prescribed.	
RB0960	Clause 3.1 & 3.3 - Appointing	Auditors must have appropriate skills and knowledge.	
	the auditor	Auditors must ensure there are no conflicts of interest.	
		The Commission must approve a Licensee's choice of audit firm. The audit team must be led by a partner and the audit leader must sign all audit reports.	
RB0965	Clause 4.1, 4.4 & 4.5 - Approving the audit scope	The Commission will nominate obligations for inclusion in the minimum audit scope on the basis of an assessment of the risks of non-compliance. The licensee should add and high-risk obligations to be audited.	
RB0970	Clause 6.4 – Reporting procedures	The Licensee must ensure that its board considers the auditor's report.	
Information	Specification (Service Performance	ce) for Victorian Energy Retailers	
RB1020	Purpose and background	The purpose of the specification is to set out the cyclic reporting requirements to be met by Victorian energy retailers (both gas and electricity) to the Commission.	
		The Commission has the power to require information from distributors under licence conditions.	
RB1030	Reporting framework	The Commission requires a bi-annual report as specified in the Information Specification.	
		The information reported under this information specification is open to independent audit in accordance with the Commission's audit framework.	

ESC REF	REFERENCE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF OBLIGATION			
DEFERRED					
Electricity Retail Licence					
RB1040	Clause 12.4 - Retailer of last resort (ROLR)	The conditions of supply after a ROLR event.			
Gas Retail Licence					
RB1050	Clause 13.4 - Retailer of last resort (ROLR) Momentum, Dodo, Red, APG - Cl. 14	The terms and conditions of supply after a last resort event.			

APPENDIX B – PRO-FORMA REPORTS AND CHECKLISTS

B1 – Pro-forma for immediate notification of breaches of Type 1 obligations

Business name

Person reporting - Name & Position

Obligation breached:

- Reference number from the Compliance Reporting Manual,
- regulatory instrument title and clause number

Date breach started (and date breach ended, if different)

Nature and cause of breach

Identification (or number) of customers or other businesses affected

Total dollar impact

Action taken / planned

Date (expected or actual) for completion of corrective action

Status: investigation / in progress / complete

B2 - Pro-forma follow-up report of breaches of Type 1 obligations

From: [Name]

Chief Executive Officer

[Business]

To: [Name]

Chief Executive Officer

Essential Services Commission Level 2, 35 Spring Street Melbourne 3000, Victoria

[Business] advises the Commission of a breach of a regulatory obligation classified as Type 1 in the Commission's Compliance Reporting Manual.

Obligation breached – Reference number from the Compliance Reporting Manual, and regulatory instrument and clause number

The particulars of this breach, previously reported on [Date of first report] by [Person reporting – Name & position] are established as follows.

- Date breach started (and date breach ended, if different)
- Nature and cause of breach
- · Identification (or number) of customers or other businesses affected
- Total dollar impact
- · Action taken / planned
- Date (expected or actual) for completion of corrective action
- Status: investigation / in progress / complete

B3 – Pro-forma report for six-monthly reporting

From: [Name]

Chief Executive Officer

[Business]

To: [Name]

Chief Executive Officer

Essential Services Commission Level 2, 35 Spring Street Melbourne 3000, Victoria

Period: [from / to]

Six-monthly report of breaches of regulatory obligations

[Business] advises the Commission of compliance with regulatory obligations classified as Types 1 and 2 obligations in the Commission's Compliance Reporting Manual.

[Business] had an effective system for monitoring compliance throughout the period covered by the report. In this period, [Business] has not identified any breaches of Types 1 and 2 obligations other than those shown in the attached schedule.

The present report has been prepared with all due care and skill and in accordance with the Commission's Compliance Manual.

Date.	D	at	e:
-------	---	----	----

Signed

Chief Executive Officer

Attachment: Schedule of non-compliance

List of obligations breached, identifying each by its reference number from the Compliance Reporting Manual	Description of: Dates that breaches occurred Nature and extent of non-compliance Reasons for non-compliance Remedial actions taken Actual/anticipated date for completion of corrective action Other information — such as 'customers / other businesses affected', 'Total dollar impact'

Note: it is the intention of the Commission to provide businesses with Microsoft® Excel® templates for the purpose of reporting non-compliance events.

B4 – Pro-forma report of annual Status and Compliance Reports

From:	[Name] Chief Executive Officer [Business]				
То:	Chief Executive Officer Essential Services Commission Level 2, 35 Spring Street Melbourne 3000, Victoria				
Period	: [from / to]				
Full ye	Full year report of breaches of regulatory obligations				
-	ess] wishes to advise the Commission ations in the Commission's Complian	n of compliance with regulatory obligations classified as Types 1, 2 and ce Reporting Manual (version 1).			
-	-	toring compliance throughout the period covered by the report. In this aches of obligations other than those shown in the attached schedule.			
	esent report has been prepared with a iance Manual.	all due care and skill and in accordance with the Commission's			
Date:		Date:			
Signed	I	Signed			
Chief E	Executive Officer	Chairman			

Attachment: Schedule of non-compliance

List of obligations	Description of:	
breached,	 Dates that breaches occurred 	
identifying each	 Nature and extent of non-compliance 	
by its reference	 Reasons for non-compliance 	
number from the	Remedial actions taken	
Compliance	 Actual/anticipated date for completion of corrective action 	
Reporting Manual	 Other information — such as 'customers / other businesses affected', 	
, ,	'Total dollar impact'	
	·	

Note: it is the intention of the Commission to provide businesses with Microsoft® Excel® templates for the purpose of reporting non-compliance events.